Common Support Services Information Management



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Outline





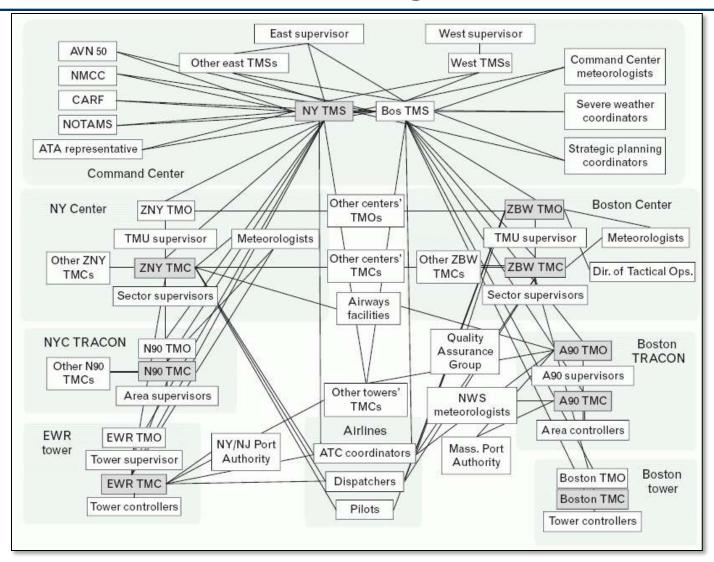
Motivation

- CSS-Wx Deep Dive
- Summary & Future Steps



Interactions between FAA Facilities and Airlines for Newark Congestion Problems





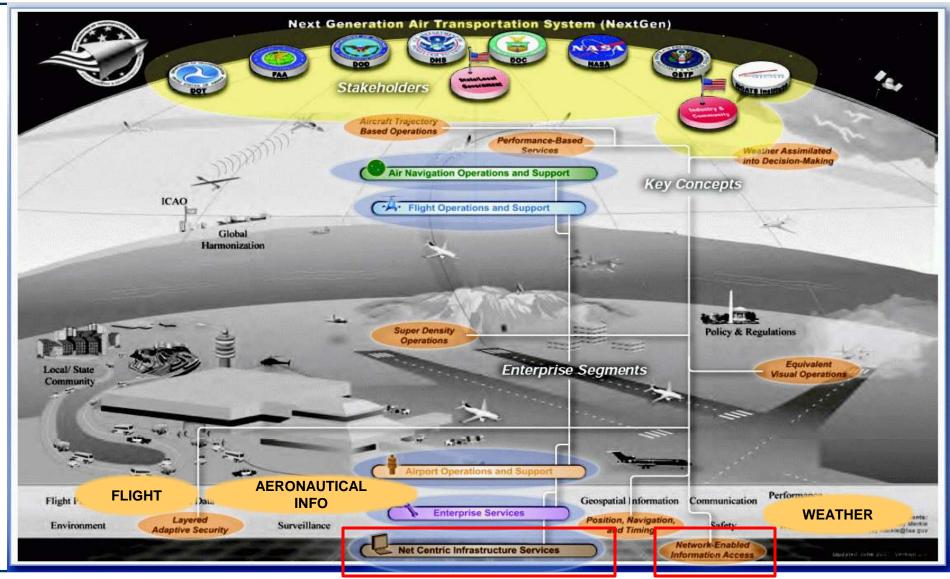
Evans, J. Ducot, E., "Corridor Integrated Weather System, Lincoln Laboratory Journal, Volume 16, Number 1, 2006





Next Generation Air Transportation System Operational Concept







Information Management Session



- Common Support Services Weather
 - Kajal Claypool, MIT LL
- System-Wide Information Management National Airspace: System Enterprise Messaging Service
 - Stephen Link, Harris
- Corridor Integrated Weather System Data Distribution Service
 - Carol Kelly, MIT LL
- Aviation Safety Information Analysis and Sharing
 - Alex Alshtein, MITRE



Outline



Motivation



CSS-Wx Deep Dive

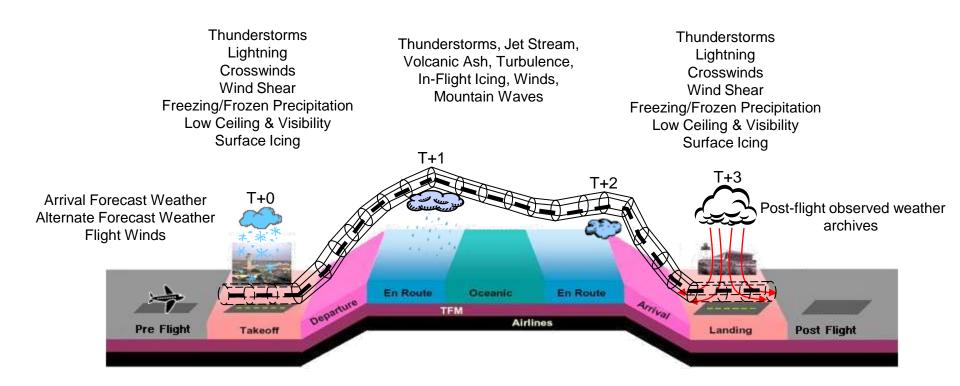
Summary & Future Steps



Weather Along A Route



- CSS-Wx targeted for providing flight plan specific weather data
- Data will be filtered by:
 - Route, Time and Wx parameters requested by user





CSS-Wx Objectives



JPDO ConOps and Requirements Documents



Functional Requirements

- Common operational weather picture
- Support observation, forecast and archived weather data
- Single authoritative source for weather
- Weather content delivery network

Non - Functional Requirements

- Scalable
- Secure
- Agile
- Reliable
- Affordable



Key Technology Thrusts

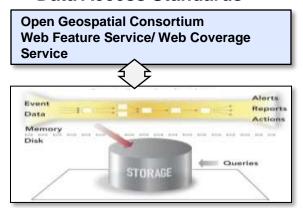


Standardization & Interoperability

Data Standards



Data Access Standards

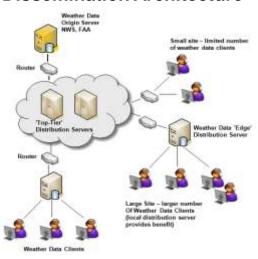


Semantic Technologies

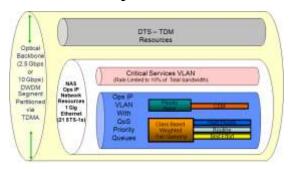


Performance

Dissemination Architecture



Quality of Service

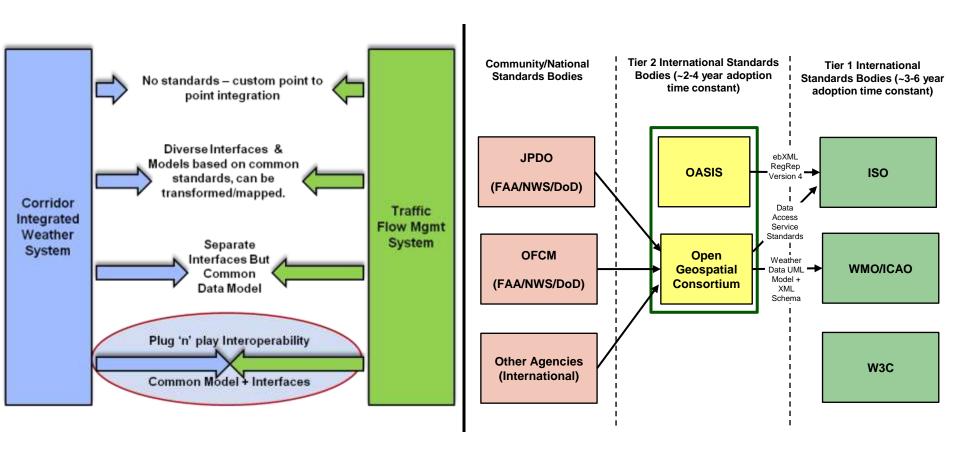




Data and Service Standards



Standardization is key to Interoperability

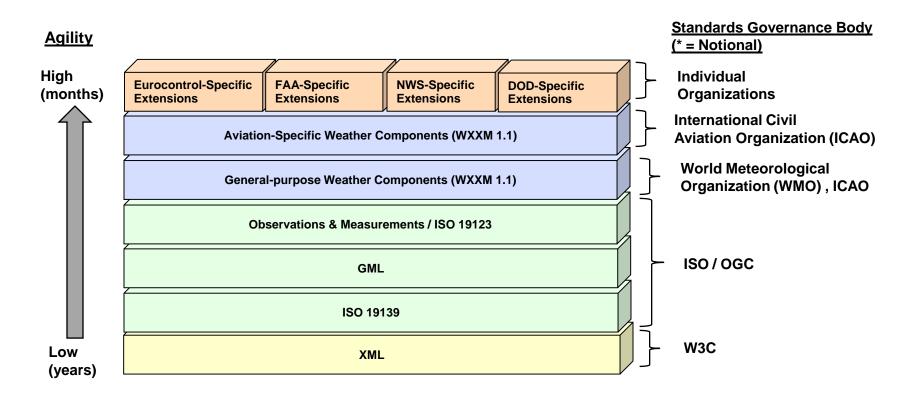




Common Data Model – Weather Information Exchange Model (WXXM)



 WXXM Ad-Hoc Working Group Membership: Eurocontrol, FAA, NWS, DoD, NOAA, British Atmospheric Data Center



- Composable, extensible data model balances standardization with the need for individual communities to innovate
- WXXM builds upon many concepts (e.g., 'Core + extensions model') gleaned from Standards Community participation



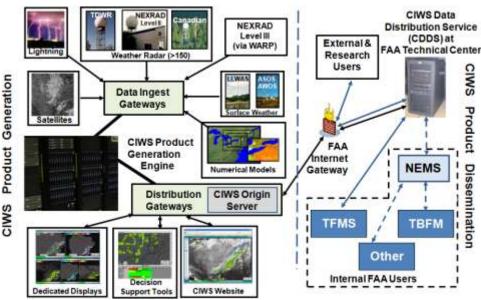
Adoption of WXXM



Luciad Demonstration OGC/OWS 8



CIWS Data Distribution Service (CDDS)



Use of WXXM to provide Volcanic Ash and Turbulence SIGMETs at OGC/OWS 8

Use of WXXM to provide CIWS Weather Products for Operational Use to Internal/External FAA Users





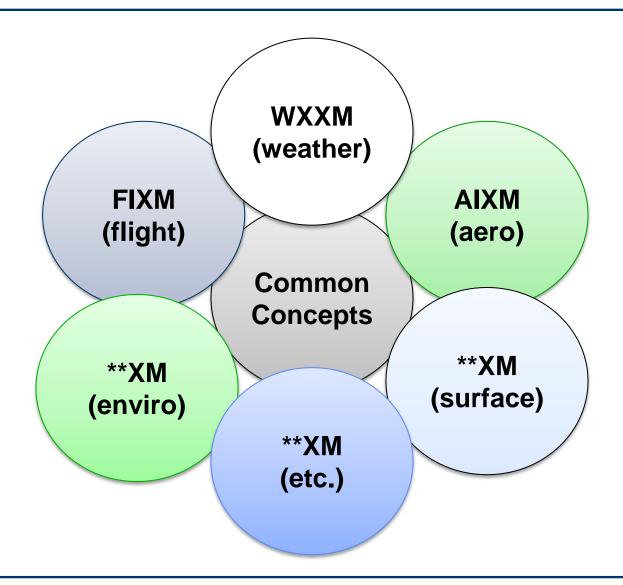






Air Transportation Exchange Models







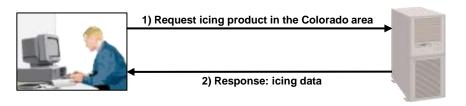
CSS-Wx Message Exchange Patterns



Message Exchange Pattern: Request/Response

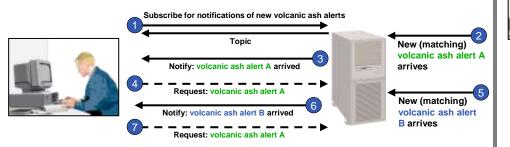
5.1.3.3 Retrieve icing forecast product for Colorado

Retrieve (via pull mechanism) icing potential forecast product for the geometry of Colorado for 2007-10-12 12:00Z (future time, 12 hours from the time the request is made), from 5000 ft to 35000 ft



Message Exchange Pattern: Notification

5.1.3.8 Subscribe to volcanic ash alerts for a specified flight path Retrieve (via pull mechanism) icing potential forecast product for the geometry of Colorado for 2007-10-12 12:00Z (future time, 12 hours from the time the request is made), from 5000 ft to 35000 ft



Message Exchange Pattern: Persistent Query

5.1.3.9 Monitor hazard in the terminal approach airway

A TRACON air-traffic controller needs to monitor adverse weather conditions that exist, or are forecasted to exist, within the approach airway. The approach airway is defined as a volume around an airport, defined by a set of XYZ vertices, within which departing and landing flights must fly.



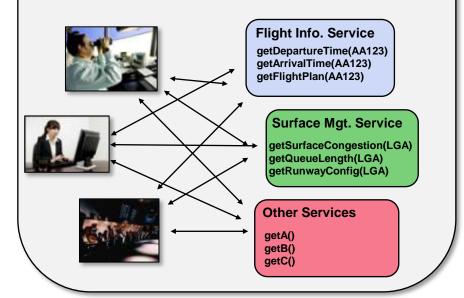


CSS-Wx Net-Centric Service Standardization



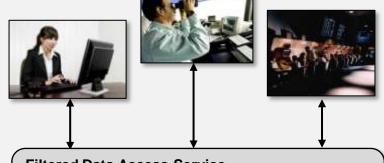
'Conventional' SOA design is not scalable!

- N-squared problem as more users and service providers connect
- Semantic divergence as service providers provide variations on the same theme (e.g. pub/sub)



Standards-based Information
Management Architecture <u>scales well</u> as users and services are added

- Filtered data access interface makes it easy for users to ask for the data they need
- Producers logically decoupled from consumers



Filtered Data Access Service
getInfo(<Info Type>,<filter>):
getInfo(Flights,"flt=AA123 and info=departureTime")
getInfo(SurfaceMgt,"airport=LGA and info=congestion"

Data standardization provides foundation for service interface standardization



Standards Development Open Geospatial Consortium

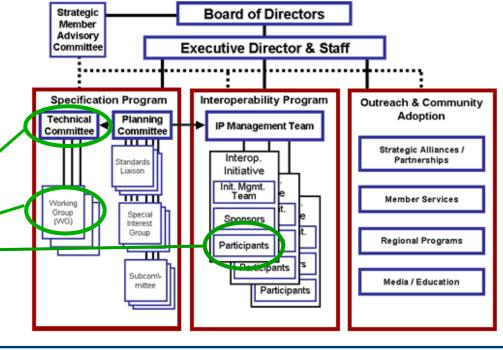


- OGC Geospatial standards body
 - Data models & schemas
 - Services Reference Architecture
 - Service Standards
 What, When, Where data access
 - Strong coupling to ISO
- Founded in 1994. 350+ members national, international, government, commercial
- MIT/LL, NCAR, NOAA members at Technical Committee level or higher (NOAA)

Current CSS-Wx

Involvement



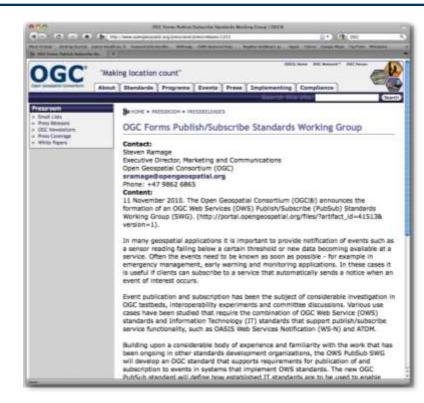




Web Feature Service



- Filtered access to non-gridded data formatted as XML
 - Query model is based on OGC Filter 2.0 specification, which can be (loosely) thought of as a set of spatial and temporal operators that extend the core Xpath filter specification
- Version 4.0 released July 1, 2012:
 - Enabled with 2 of the 3 message exchange patterns
 - Full Spatial and Temporal filtering
 - Request delegation to another WFSRI
 - Client request limitations
 - Self-test diagnostics following installation
 - Monitoring of performance metrics
 - XML Schema validation
 - Support for different underlying data stores





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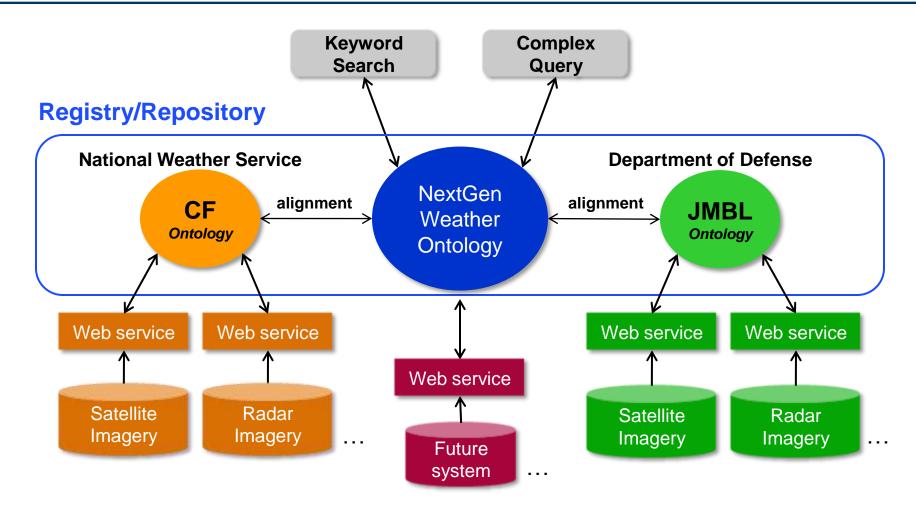


- Semantic Technologies
- Architecture & QoS
- Summary & Future Steps



Semantic Search



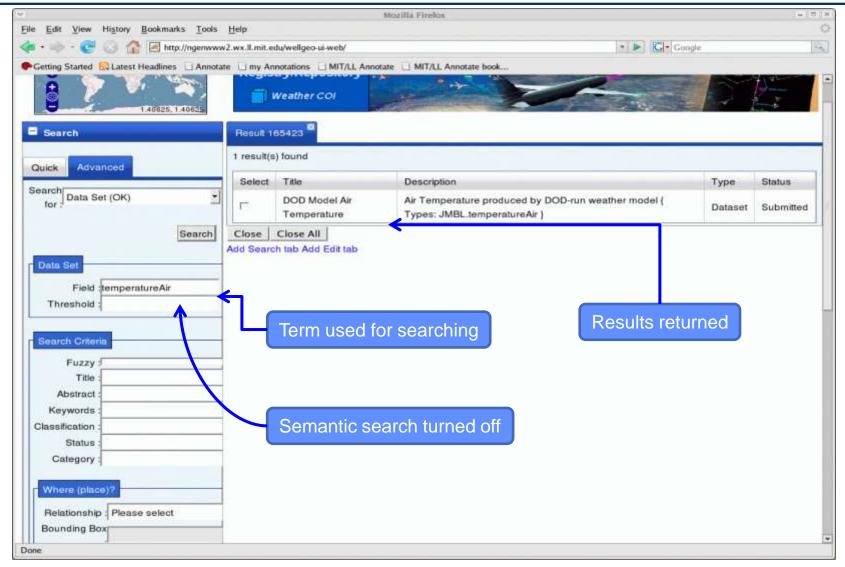


air_temperature ← → {Air, Temperature} ← → TemperatureAir



Application: Semantic Search

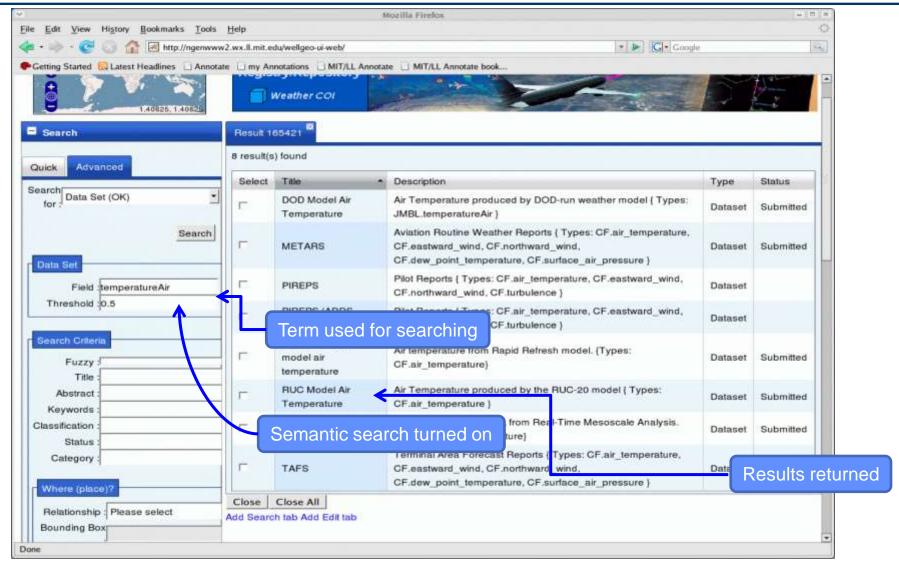






Application: Semantic Search







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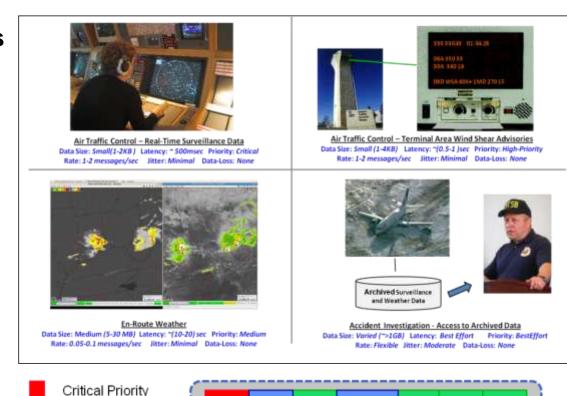
Quality of Service

Medium Priority

Low Priority



- FAA CSS-Wx moving towards a centralized cloud architecture
 - Eliminates the Top-Tier
 Distribution servers
- Quality of Service a higher priority
 - Different CSS-Wx applications have different needs for
 - Timeliness and Jitter
 - Data rate
 - Data loss
- Different data-types with varying ranges of size, and rate of production and consumption



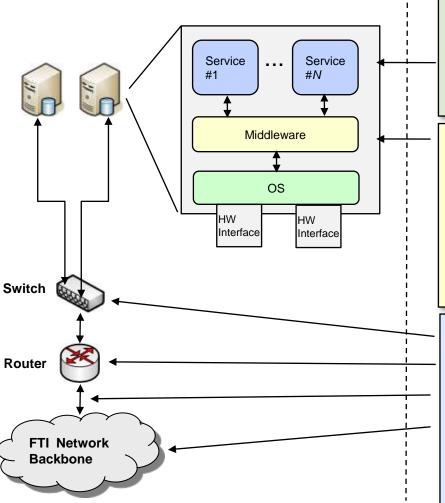
Critical Priority traffic stuck behind large number or large size of traffic of lower priorities at a constrained site (queues, or hardware interfaces, e.g.)

Transmit Queue



Potential QoS Bottlenecks Across the Different Layers





Application Layer - Contention for

- Middleware
- OS (CPU/memory/file IO)
- HW interfaces

Middleware Layer - Contention for

- Messaging Queues
- OS (CPU/memory/file IO)
- HW interfaces
- Other Services, such as Persistence, Transaction, & Security

Network Layer - Contention for

- Switch and Router Queues
- Bandwidth to FTI core
- Bandwidth Cost and Latency of the core network
- Other Services, e.g., Persistence, Transaction, & Security



Summary and Future Work



- Standardization efforts crucial for the success of NextGen
 - Standards tend to be vetted by broad community
 - Facilitate development and adoption of common data access and support services
 - Provide fundamental basis of situational awareness and interoperability among FAA, DoD and international partners
 - FAA Towers, TRACONs, ARTCC, ATCSCC, etc
 - Airlines, DoD and NWS
 - ICAO, Eurocontrol, SESAR partners
 - Reduce time, cost, and complexity of new data integration, for both producers and consumers
- Other ongoing efforts
 - Aeronautical Information Management, Flight object