



Aerospace Data Storage and Processing Systems

# High-performance Heterogeneous and Flexible Computing Architecture for Spacecraft Internet Protocol Communication and Payload Processing

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**All slides within this presentations are classified: UNCLASSIFIED**

# Motivation



## □ Mission requirements increasing

- Higher resolution data acquisition driving processing and storage
- Onboard processing and/or downlink often the system bottleneck
- Increased need for autonomous functionality
- System flexibility sought to limit NRE

## □ Design challenges keeping pace

- SWaP limitations on payloads not relaxing
- Multiuse systems and payloads desired
- Use of Commercial-Off-The-Shelf (COTS) devices
  - “Rad-hard” components less cost-effective for high-performance apps
  - Improved performance with mitigation to achieve fault tolerance
- System heterogeneity and increased complexity
  - Reconfigurable computing devices provide flexibility and improved perf/Watt for amenable application classes
  - General-purpose processors well suited to control and database apps.
  - Special-purpose procs provide app. specificity with reduced dev. cost

# HPEC with Flexibility



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## □ Application Independent Processor (AIP) Features

- Mixture of general-purpose processors and RCCs
- Reconfigurable on-orbit
- Flexible, scalable architecture
- Usage of open standards
- SEE Tolerant system
- Flexible I/O architecture

## □ Designed for Responsive Space

- Low cost, high performance
- Rapid deployment through adaptability
- Designed for multiple missions



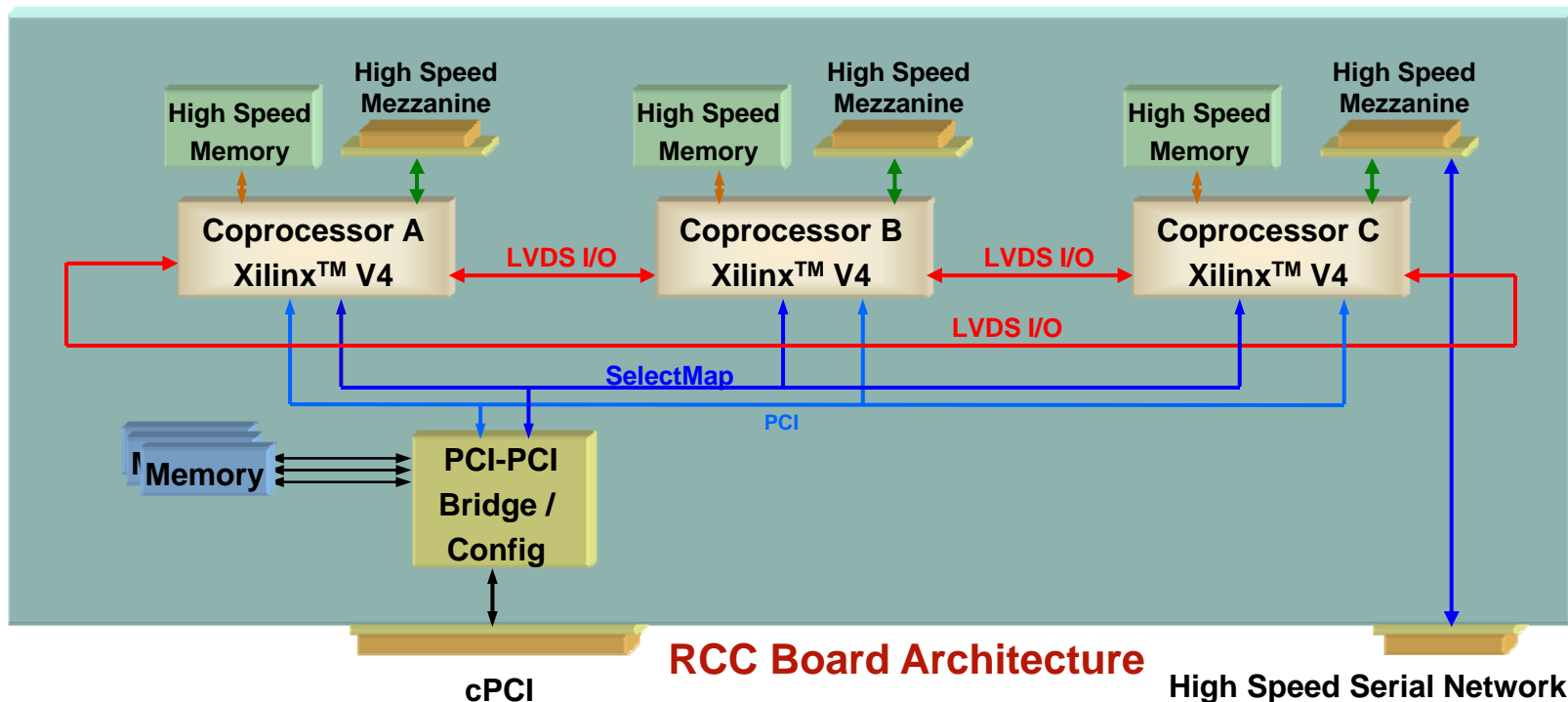
**ARTEMIS Configuration of AIP**

# AIP System Architecture



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- ❑ Xilinx® Reconfigurable Computer Board(s)
- ❑ COTS PowerPC™-based SBC(s)
- ❑ Memory and I/O personality mezzanine cards
  - Flash memory, camera link, analog, digital developed to date
- ❑ Flexibility to incorporate other system control and I/O capability

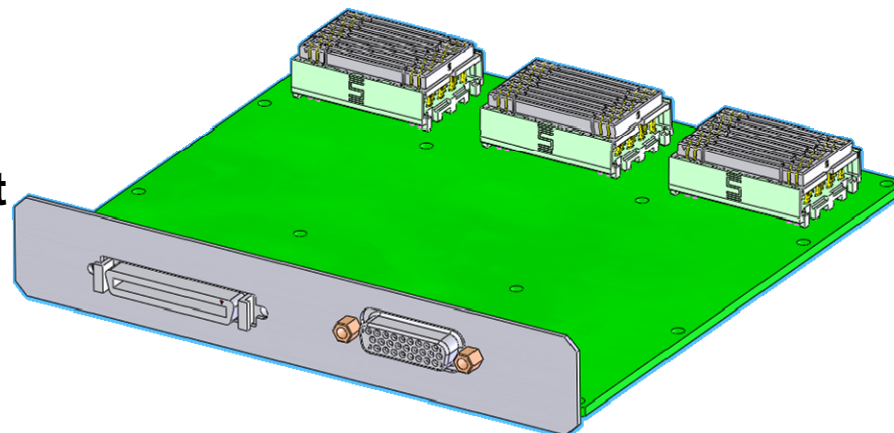


# AIP Personality Mezz. Card

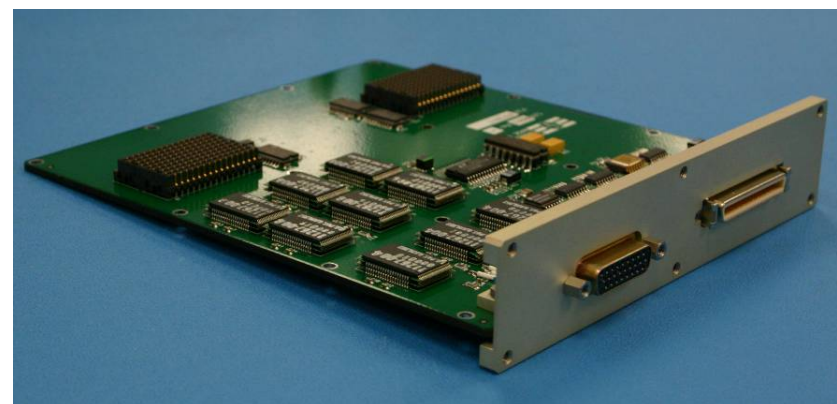


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- **Personality Mezzanine for application- specific functionality**
  - Lower risk/cost, quick development
  - I/O and unique I/O connectors
  - Memory, Logic, TMR mitigation
  - Analog circuitry ADC/DAC
- **High speed mezzanine connectors**
  - 170 high speed I/O
  - Symmetrical Design to all FPGAs
- **Fault tolerance options**
  - “Rad hard” voter on the mezz.
  - Partial TMR
  - SEAKR replay capability provides temporal redundancy
  - Combinations



**AIP Mezzanine Concept**



**ARTEMIS Mezzanine**

# AIP Deployments



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- **AFRL TacSat-3 Responsive Space mission**
  - Raytheon's Advanced Responsive Tactically Effective Military Imaging Spectrometer (ARTEMIS)
- **Cisco's Internet Router In Space (IRIS)**
  - Space Internet Protocol Router (SIPR)
  - Programmable Space IP Modem (PSIM)
- **AFRL Plug and Play Satellite project**
  - Programmable Space Transceiver (PST)
- **SEAKR's Reprogrammable Space Network Interface Card (RSNIC) interconnect adaptor**
- **Orion Vision Processing Unit (VPU) for NASA**
- **JPEG2K image compression**

# Responsive Space



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- **“Responsive Space refers to the ability to rapidly achieve a specific objective through the use of space with rapidly being the operative word. The AFRL Office of Force Transformation suggested that the goal for fielding a new payload is weeks and months and not decades.” [1]**
- **Tactical Satellite (TacSat) program building competency to achieve the Responsive Space challenge [2]**
  - **Joint AFRL and NRL demonstration program**
  - **Goal to develop capability to field inexpensive space systems in time of crisis to augment and reconstitute existing capabilities or perform entirely new tactical theater support missions**
  - **Key success criteria include**
    - **Develop low cost (\$20 million or less) mission-specific spacecraft**
    - **Rapid deployment with on orbit activation within six days of call up**
    - **Provide between six to twelve months of reliable mission operations**

[1] Lanza, et. al., “Responsive Space Through Adaptive Avionics, Responsive Space Conference, Los Angeles, CA, April 19-22, 2004.

[2] J. Raymond, et. al., “A TacSat Update and the ORS/JWS Standard Bus,” Responsive Space Conference, Los Angeles, CA, April 25-28, 2006.



# TacSat-3 – Tactical Ops

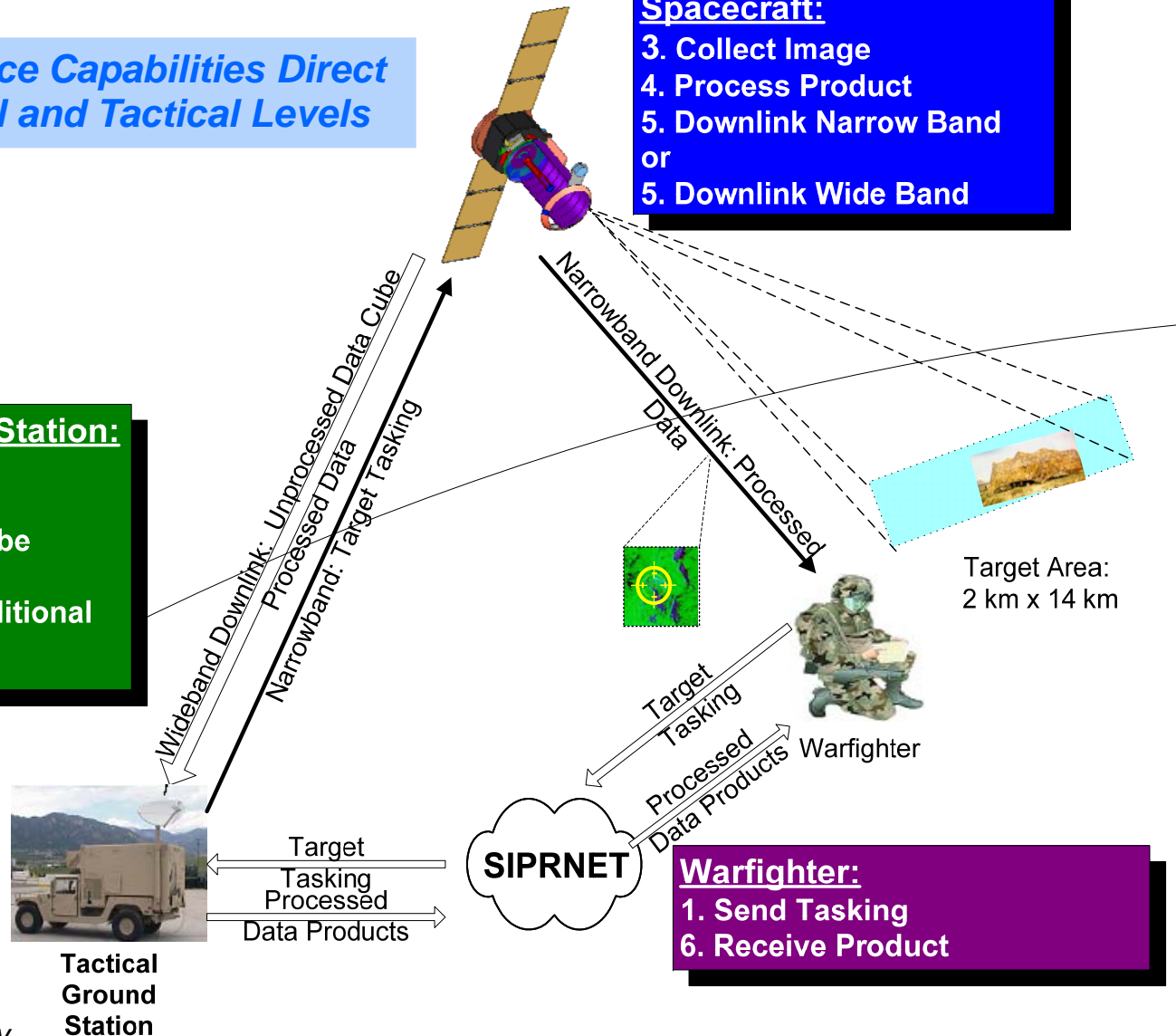


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*Dedicated Space Capabilities Direct to Operational and Tactical Levels*

**Spacecraft:**  
 3. Collect Image  
 4. Process Product  
 5. Downlink Narrow Band or  
 5. Downlink Wide Band

**Tactical Ground Station:**  
 2. Uplink Tasking  
 6. Receive Data Cube Image  
 7. Disseminate Additional Data Products



**Warfighter:**  
 1. Send Tasking  
 6. Receive Product



# Display and Target Cue Products Generated by OBP



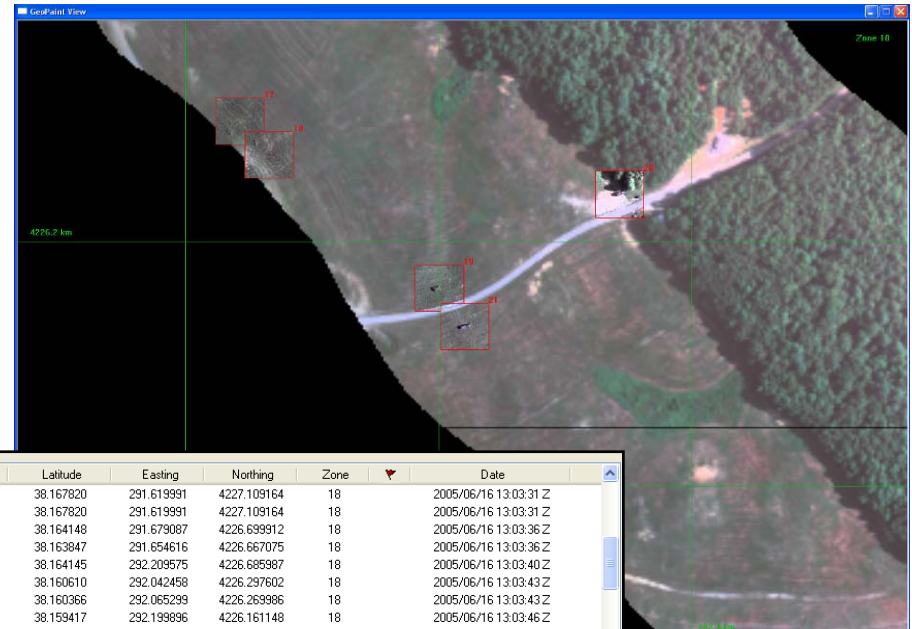
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## □ Geo-registered false color HSI

- Supports GeoPaint™ display

## □ Target cue reports (text data)

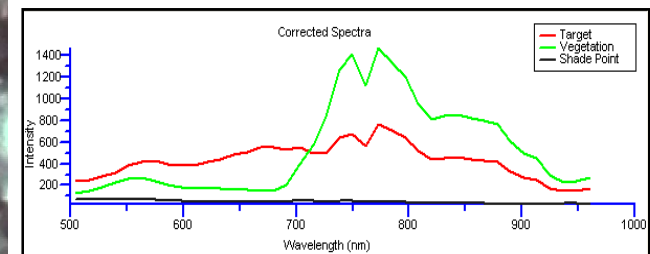
- Date, time, filter ID
- Scan, frame, pixel indices
- Lat, Lon and UTM geolocation



ID	Source	HSI Frame #	HSI Pixel #	HRI Line #	HRI Pixel #	Score	Longitude	Latitude	Easting	Northing	Zone	Date
12	MF Green-tan-net1-...	236593	313	2839116	3787	91.5	-77.378689	38.167820	291.619991	4227.109164	18	2005/06/16 13:03:31 Z
13	Anomaly	236593	313	2839116	3787	67.2	-77.378689	38.167820	291.619991	4227.109164	18	2005/06/16 13:03:31 Z
14	MF Green-tan-net1-...	236891	60	2842692	844	44.6	-77.377895	38.164148	291.679087	4226.699912	18	2005/06/16 13:03:36 Z
15	MF Truck-GreenCan...	236898	18	2842776	355	36.3	-77.378165	38.163847	291.654616	4226.667075	18	2005/06/16 13:03:36 Z
16	MF Truck-GreenCan...	237178	479	2846136	5718	38.6	-77.378184	38.164145	292.209575	4226.689887	18	2005/06/16 13:03:40 Z
17	MF Green-tan-net1-...	237323	33	2847876	530	46.7	-77.373633	38.160610	292.042458	4226.297602	18	2005/06/16 13:03:43 Z
18	MF Green-tan-net1-...	237350	33	2848200	530	44.0	-77.373365	38.160366	292.065299	4226.269986	18	2005/06/16 13:03:43 Z
19	MF Green-tan-net1-...	237492	93	2849904	1228	44.3	-77.371798	38.159417	292.199896	4226.161148	18	2005/06/16 13:03:46 Z
20	MF Green-tan-net1-...	237524	277	2850288	3368	39.9	-77.370200	38.160140	292.342005	4226.237746	18	2005/06/16 13:03:46 Z
21	MF Truck-GreenCan...	237520	92	2850240	1216	37.6	-77.371563	38.159138	292.219712	4226.129667	18	2005/06/16 13:03:46 Z
22	MF Green-tan-net1-...	238456	240	2861472	2938	43.5	-77.361036	38.153202	293.125337	4225.447295	18	2005/06/16 13:04:02 Z

## □ Target chips

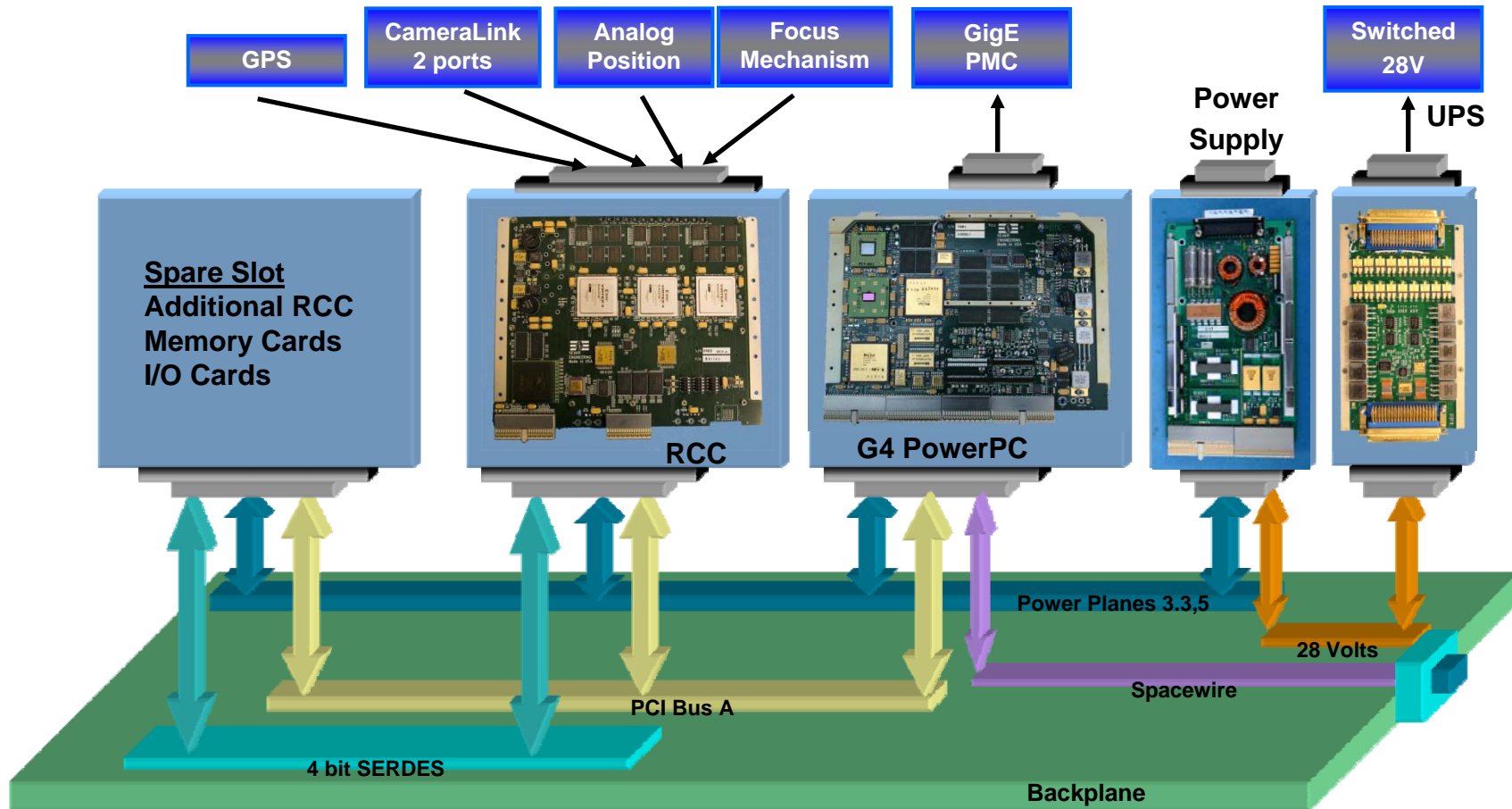
- ROI centered on detection
- Georegistered and fused false-color HSI and HRI
- Target spectra



# TacSat-3 Architecture



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# IRIS Project Overview



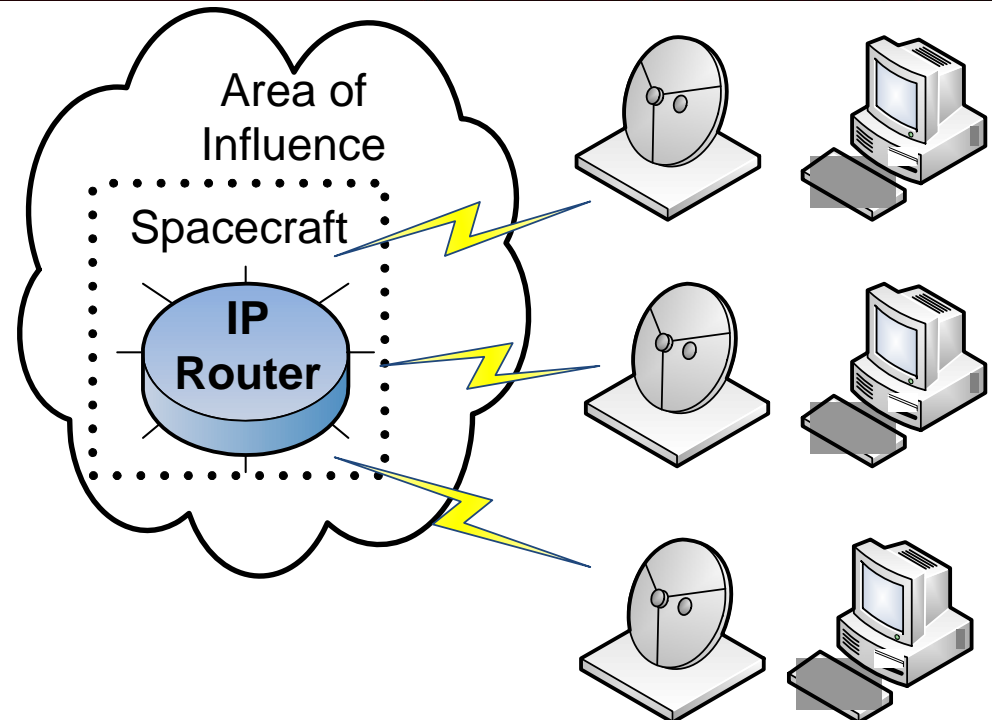
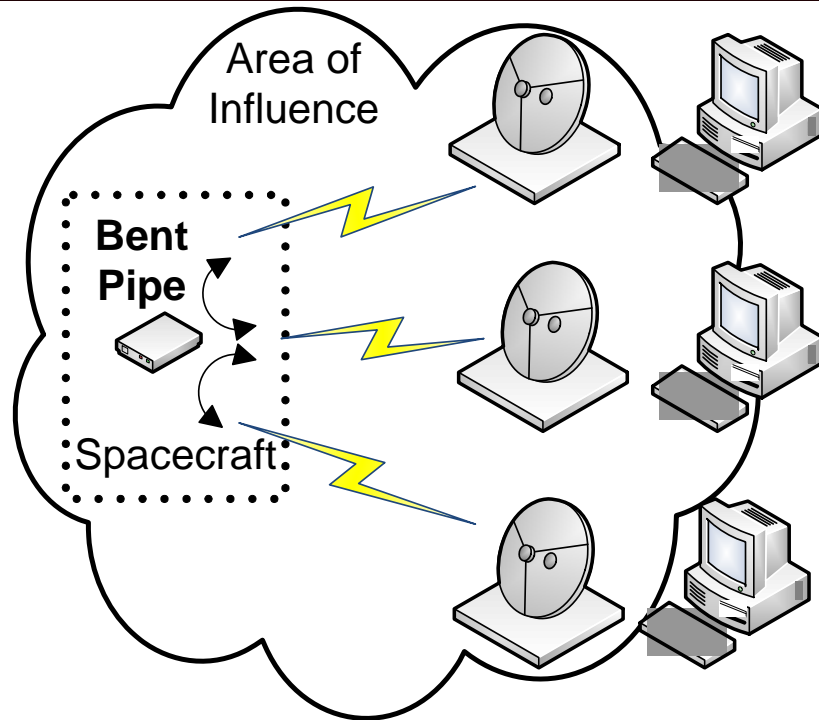
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- ❑ First full-featured IP router in space
- ❑ Supported by Joint Capability Technology Demonstrations and commercially funded
- ❑ First generation spacecraft will host one C-band and two Ku-band beams IP routing between all bands and beams
- ❑ 20 months from ATP to integration on spacecraft
  - Spacecraft integration testing completed January 2009
  - IS-14 launch scheduled for Q3 2009
- ❑ Additional generations planned with increasing capabilities
- ❑ SEAKR designed, developed IRIS hardware and was the prime integrator for Cisco's IRIS payload



**IntelSat 14 c/o SS/Loral**

# Background



**Bent Pipe Comms Satellite System**

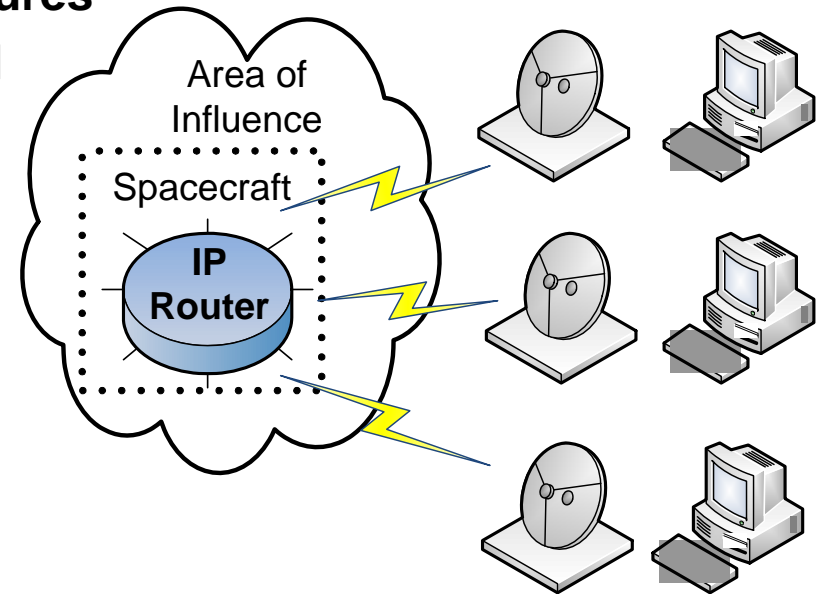
**IP-based Comms Satellite System**

- Communication systems require high performance with limited faults
- Bent-pipe comms typically less processing complexity with limited decision making and ground-side modem often included in the overall system design
- IP-based systems built upon ground-based standards requiring complex routing decisions to be made onboard

# Background

## □ IP-based network advantages

- **Standardized protocols (above physical)**
  - Built-in QoS, security and EDAC features
  - Ubiquitous and extensively deployed
  - Well understood and time tested
- **Virtual circuit philosophy**
  - Improves scalability and throughput
  - Decentralized multicast
  - Fine-grained QoS easy to implement
- **Cost-effective test and integration**
  - Numerous commercial components
  - Mature test strategies and methods



**IP-based Comms Satellite System**



# IP in Space Challenges



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## □ Onboard Processing

- High bandwidth MODEMS and Routers require significant processing
- On-board routed payloads have advantages but come at a cost
- **High performance processing on a satellite is non-trivial and costly**
  - **Becomes more attractive with each new processor generation**

## □ Security

- Supporting Type 1 comm. while retaining IP feature set on the spacecraft
  - Packet header encryption?
  - Source/destination or packet type security
  - QoS in the face of encryption?

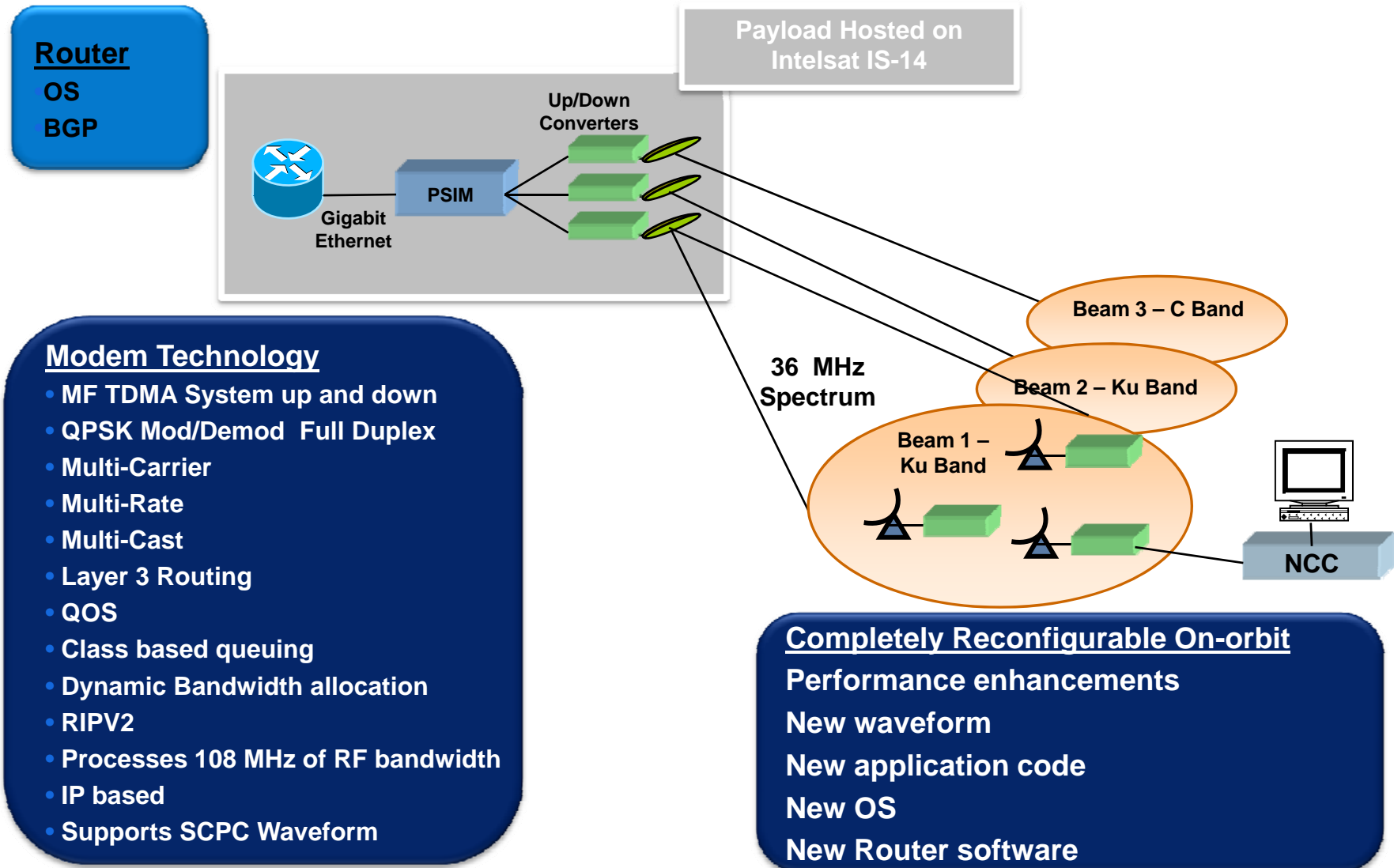
## □ Ground Infrastructure

- Large investment to provide upgraded facilities (but benefits are great)
- Several MODEM protocols fielded (some proprietary) for tactical users

# Mission System



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## Router

OS  
BGP

## Modem Technology

- MF TDMA System up and down
- QPSK Mod/Demod Full Duplex
- Multi-Carrier
- Multi-Rate
- Multi-Cast
- Layer 3 Routing
- QOS
- Class based queuing
- Dynamic Bandwidth allocation
- RIPV2
- Processes 108 MHz of RF bandwidth
- IP based
- Supports SCPC Waveform

## Completely Reconfigurable On-orbit

Performance enhancements

New waveform

New application code

New OS

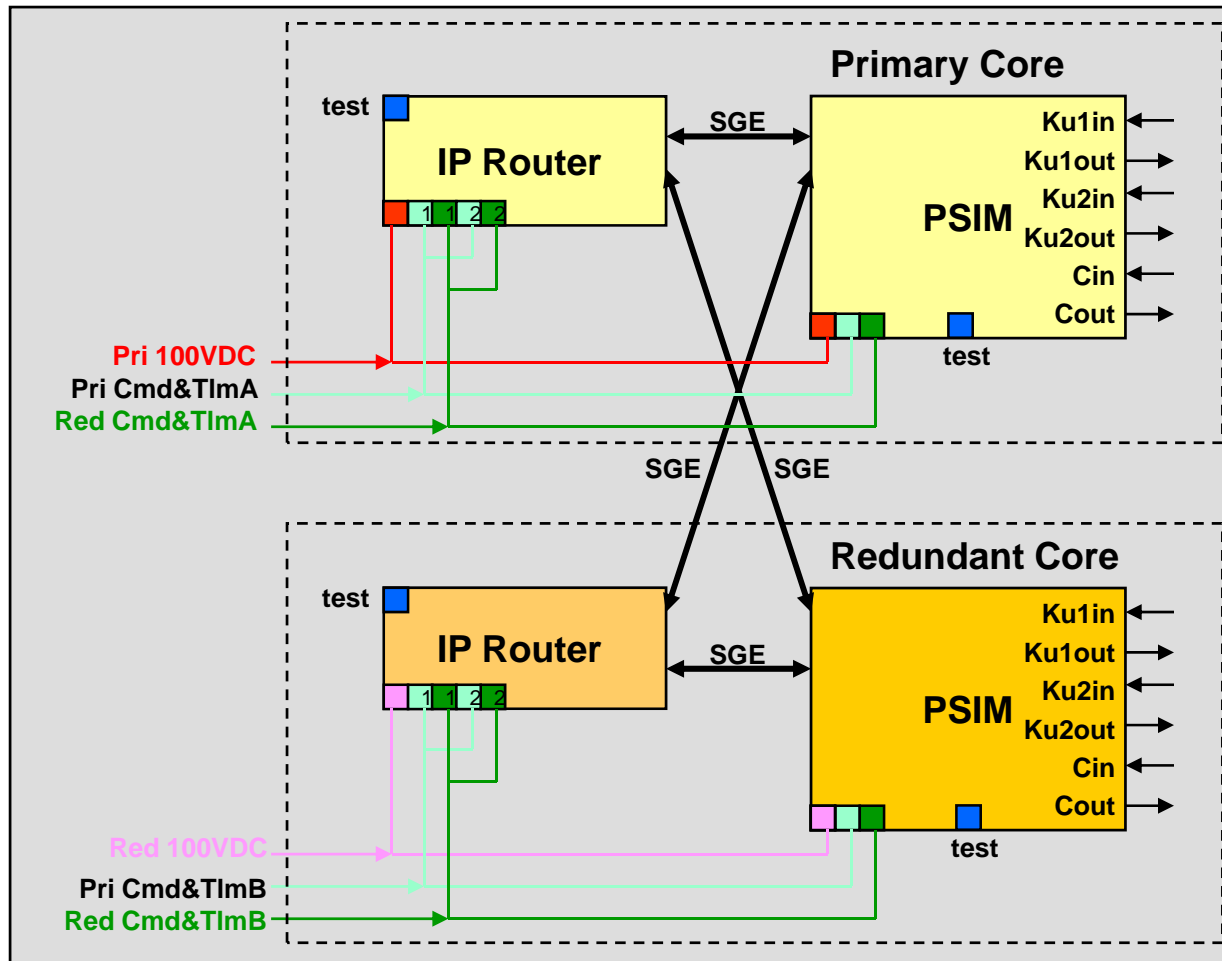
New Router software



# System Architecture



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□ Box-level redundancy with per-unit fail over

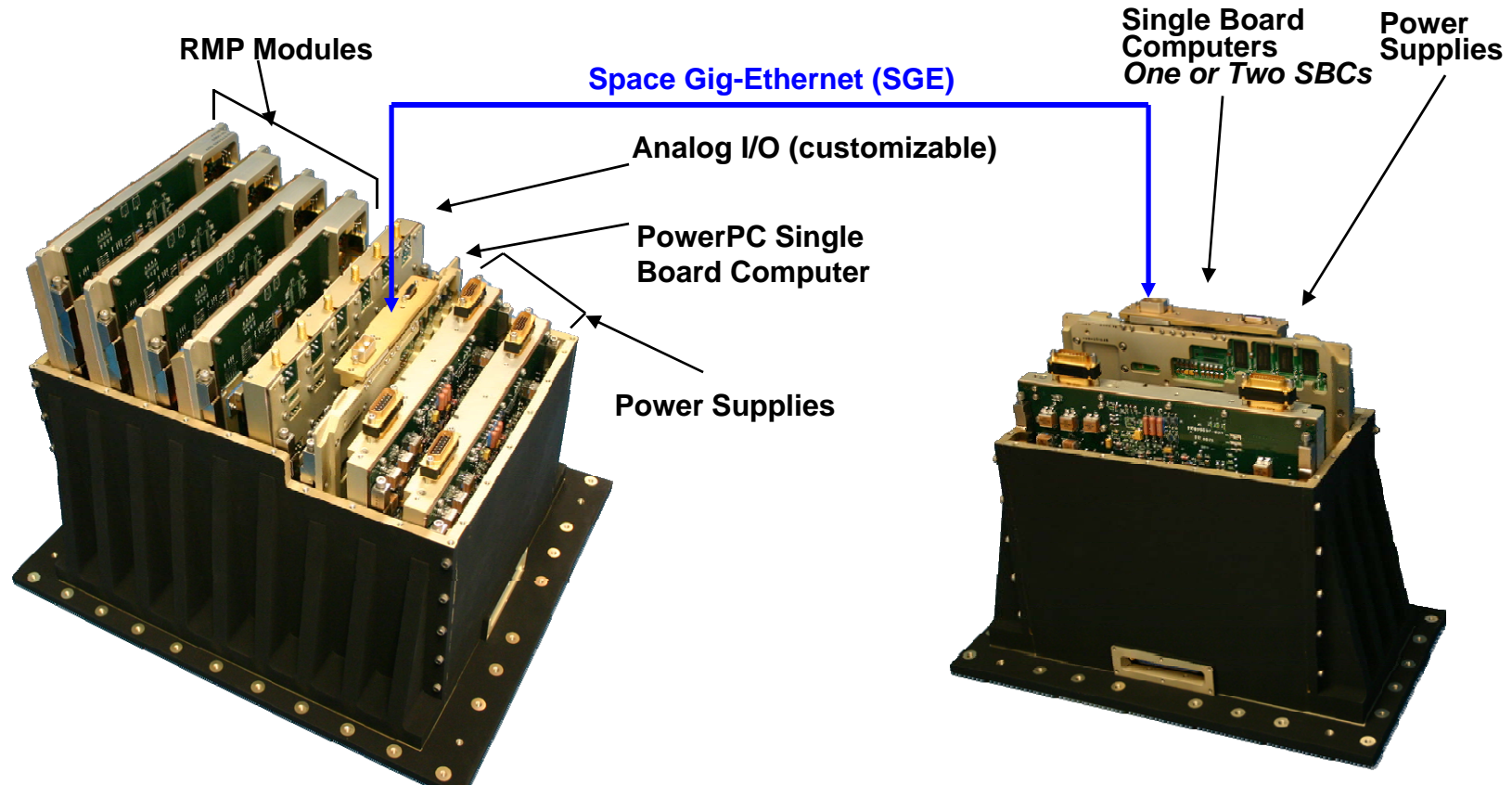
# IRIS Flight Hardware



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## □ Combination of 2 sequential processors, 12 FPGAs and analog switch card

- FPGAs provide waveform processing
- Processors provide Ethernet interfaces, packet switching
- Leveraging the advantages of each type of component



# IRIS Hardware Flexibility

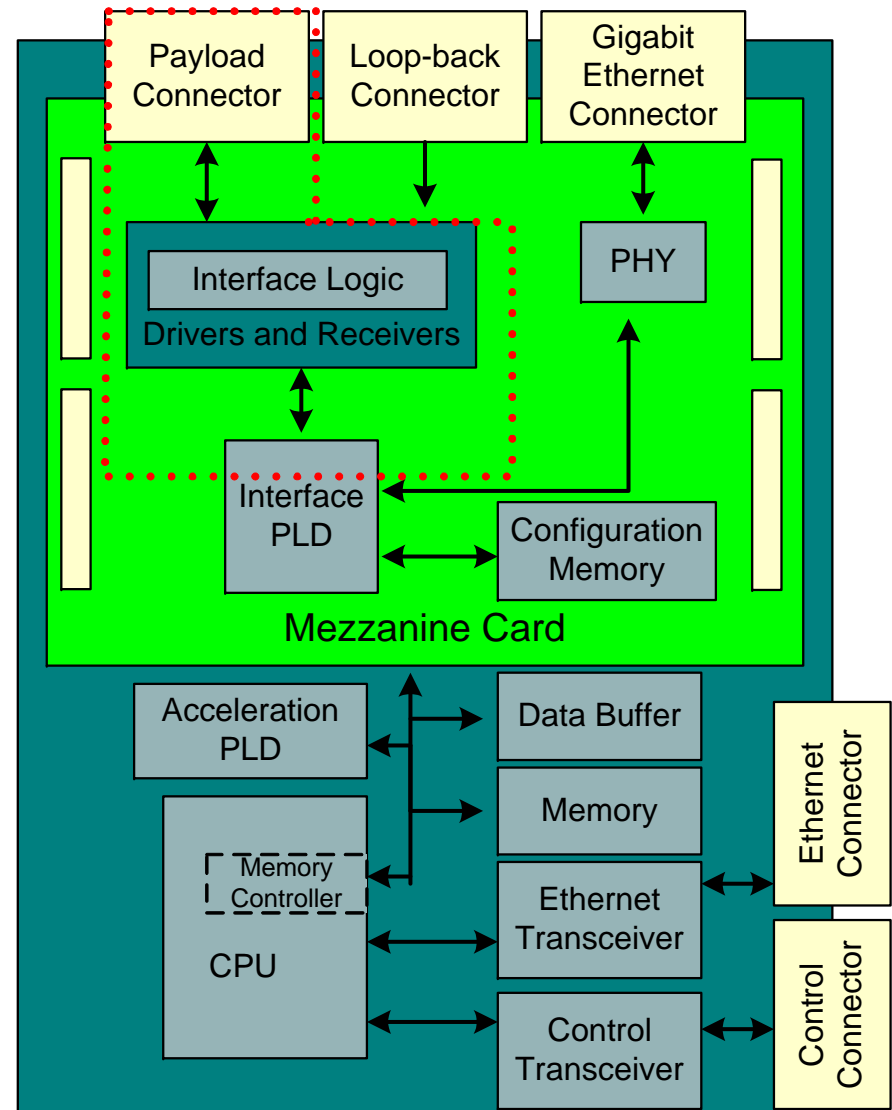


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- Waveform and beam agile**
  - Design can leverage PST features for frequency agility
  
- Numerous SEE mitigation options**
  - Box-level redundancy with failover
  - Device-level redundancy with voter
  - Intra-device full or partial redundancy
  - Configuration scrubbing
  
- On-orbit software reconfiguration planned as part of the mission to update routing features**

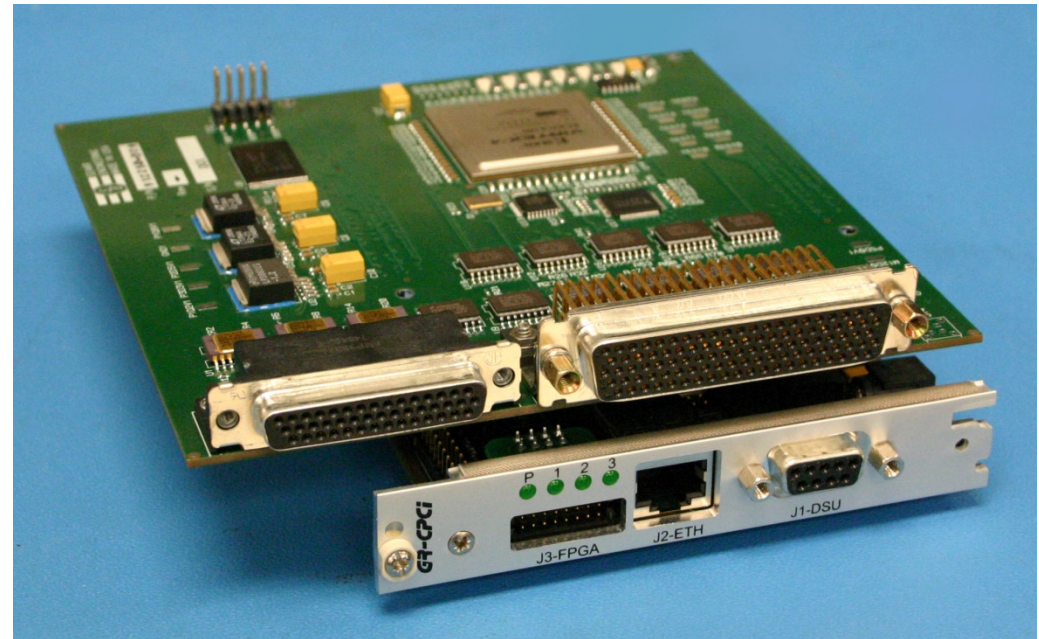
# RSNIC Design

- ❑ SEAKR's SGE forms the basis for the Reprogrammable Space Network Interface Card (RSNIC) payload concept
- ❑ Merging of programmable logic and general-purpose microprocessor for network interconnect "normalization"
- ❑ All functionality required for protocol translation encapsulated with the single board plus mezzanine card
- ❑ Mezzanine card designs largely stay unchanged with only the interface-specific portions requiring augmentation



# RSNIC Prototype

- RSNIC prototype boards developed and verified
- Ethernet and payload interfaces confirmed to be operational via loopback and PC generated traffic
  - Currently supports 300Mbps bandwidth measured using IP/UDP protocol transfers
- SSR Tech. Demonstration
  - Translated data and command traffic for the EM version of SEAKR's two-channel SSR used in NASA's Gamma-ray Large Area Space Telescope
  - Demo completed in 2008



RSNIC Prototype



# PST Mission Summary

- Programmable Satellite Transceiver (PST) provides frequency agile sat. comm.**

- Each band continuously tunable
- Programmable on the ground and/or in flight

- AFRL Enhanced Phase-II SBIR with EM delivered Q2'08**



**PST Configuration of AIP**

- Receiver/Uplink**

- L-Band 1760 to 1840 MHz
- S-Band 2025 to 2120 MHz

- Transmitter/Downlink**

- S-Band 2200 to 2300 MHz

- Space Ground Link System (SGLS)**

- FSK-AM Command Uplink (1 kbps, 2 kbps)
- Subcarrier BPSK Telemetry Downlink (256 kbps)

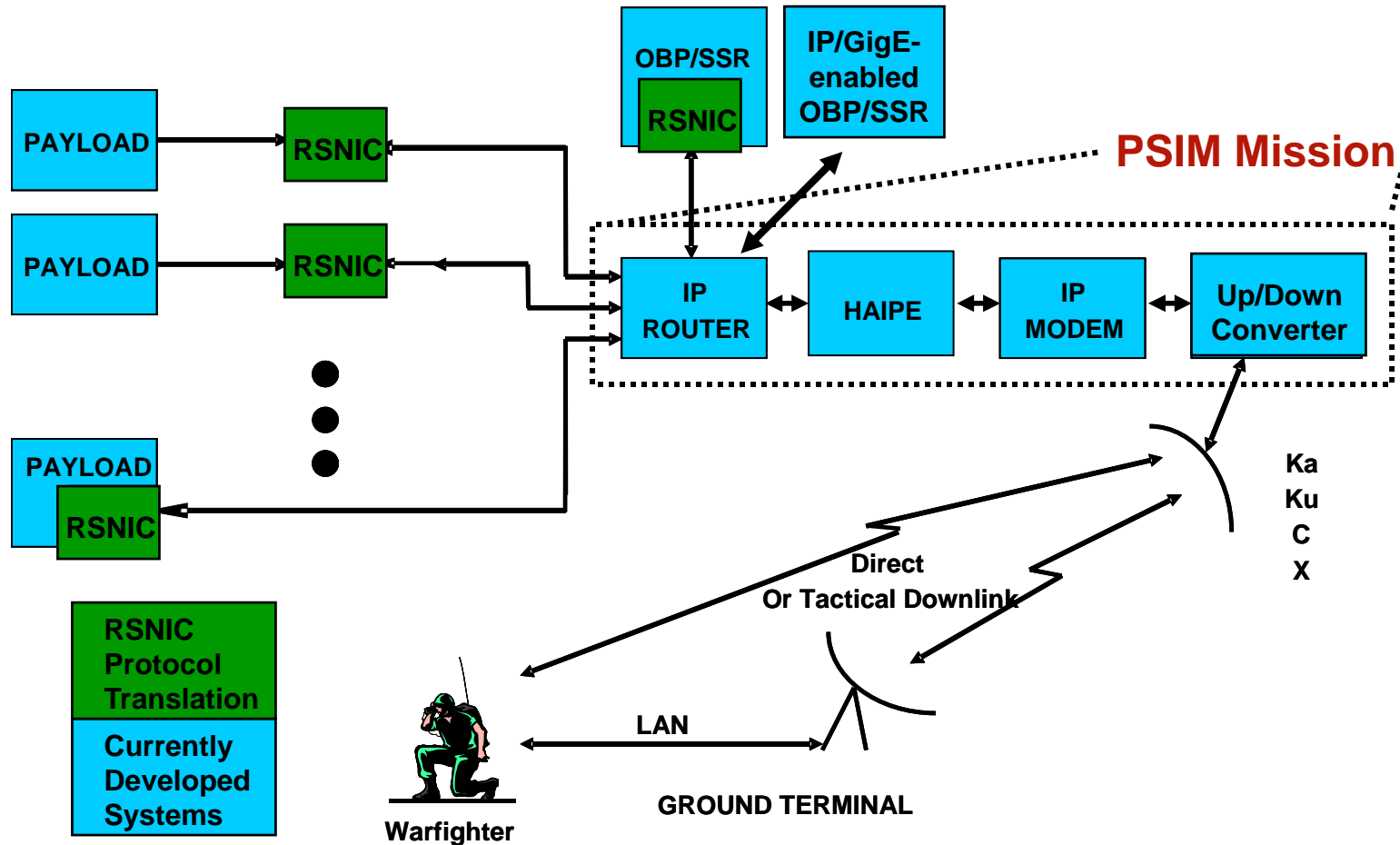
- Universal S-Band (USB)**

- Subcarrier BPSK Command Uplink ( $\leq 4$  kbps)
- Subcarrier BPSK Telemetry Downlink (256 kbps)

- Future Waveforms in development**

- Partnered with RT Logic**

# IP-enabled Payload



- Legacy protocol to IP/Ethernet translation to improve performance and scalability and enable plug-and-play payload design

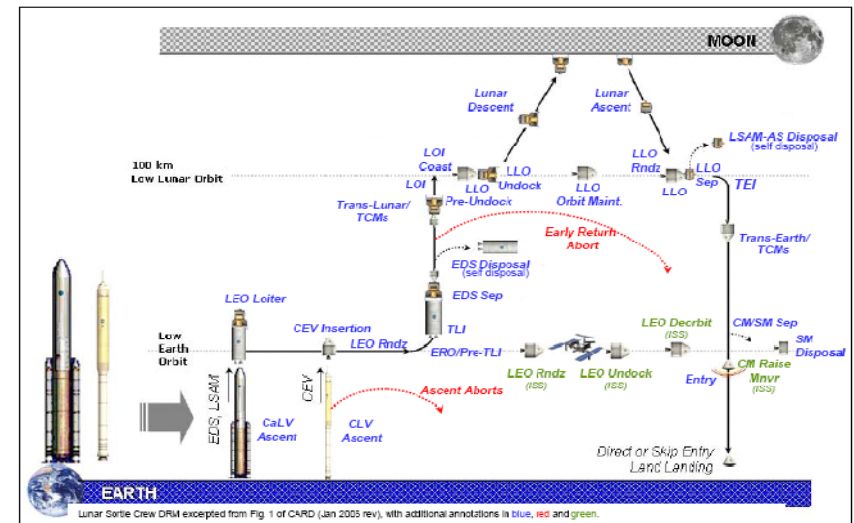


# Orion-VPU Mission Summary



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- VPU provides a reconfigurable hardware platform for processing image algorithms
  - Pose Estimation
  - Optical Navigation
  - Compression/Decompression
- Receives image data from various Relative Navigation Sensors
  - Star Tracker
  - Vision Navigation Sensor
  - Docking Camera
  - Situational Awareness Camera
- Supports rendezvous, proximity operations, docking and un-docking for ISS and Lunar missions



Images c/o Orion Program Office, NASA-Glenn

# ORION-VPU Highlights



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## □ Combination of sequential processor and RCC

- Xilinx<sup>®</sup> FPGAs deployed in TMR for critical sensor algorithms
  - Video processing algorithms (i.e. feature recognition, graphical overlay, tiling, etc.) and video compression video
- Microblaze<sup>™</sup> core coordinates algorithm cores and processor communication
- LEON<sup>™</sup> SBC dedicated to system coordination, error handling, RCC configuration and oversight and interconnect control
  - Time-Triggered Gigabit Ethernet PMC and RS422

## □ Mezzanine card provides sensor interfaces

- LVDS interfaces with access to all three FPGAs for flexibility in video stream selection and mitigation schemes

## □ Configuration scrubbing and TMR for RCC SEU mitigation

- Corrects control path corruptions

# Conclusions



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- **Application Independent Processor developed for space**
  - Supports the responsive space mission (e.g. TacSat-3)
  - Reconfigurable on-orbit
  - Flexible, scalable architecture
- **Mission performance reqs driving the use of commercial devices**
  - Low cost, high performance
  - Designed for multiple missions
- **Several disparate missions demonstrate design's flexibility**
  - Various high-performance onboard processing
  - Spacecraft communications systems (waveform and IP routing)
- **Incorporating time-tested commercial protocols into space systems can provide cost-effective performance improvements**

# Contact Information



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