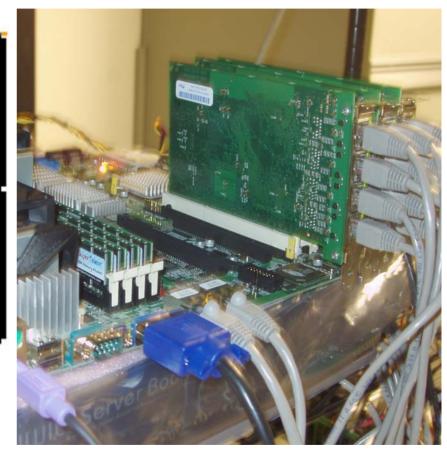
## Hypercubing around COTS GigE

62:	8192	bytes	545	times	>	4576.97	Mbps	in	229.10	usec
63:		bytes	545	times	>	4410.98			237.81	usec
64:	12285	bytes	525	times	>	4808.78	Mbps	in	327.00	usec
65:	12288	bytes	509	times	>	4949.95	Mbps	in	317.75	usec
66:	12291	bytes	524	times	>	4927.55	Mbps	in	319.28	usec
67:	16381	bytes	261	times	>	4966.26	Mbps	in	422.20	usec
68:	16384	bytes	296	times	>	5035.23	Mbps	in	416.50	usec
69:	16387	bytes	300	times	>	4993.62	Mbps	in	420.04	usec
70:	24573	bytes	297	times	>	5110.70	Mbps	in	615.44	usec
71:	24576	bytes	270	times	>	5165.47	Mbps	in	608.99	usec
72:	24579	bytes	273	times	>	5143.19	Mbps	in	611.70	usec
73:	32765	bytes	136	times	>	5094.44	Mbps	in	823.24	usec
74:	32768	bytes	151	times	>	5526.62	Mbps	in	758.93	usec
75:	32771	bytes	164	times	>	5042.57	Mbps	in	831.85	usec
76:	49149	bytes	150	times	>	4975.27	Mbps	in	1264.47	usec
77:	49152	bytes	131	times	>	4832.97	Mbps	in	1301.78	usec
78:	49155	bytes	128	times	>	5263.84	Mbps	in	1195.29	usec
79:	65533	bytes	69	times	>	4919.98	Mbps	in	1704.93	usec
80:	65536	bytes	73	times	>	4730.13	Mbps	in	1773.44	usec
81:	65539	bytes	70	times	>	4926.60	Mbps	in	1702.79	usec
82:	98301	bytes	73	times	>	4559.99	Mbps	in	2759.33	usec
83:	98304	bytes	60	times	>	4800.65	Mbps	in	2621.09	usec
84:	98307	bytes	63	times	>	4964.35	Mbps	in	2534.73	usec

mpirun- np 16 NPmpi -B



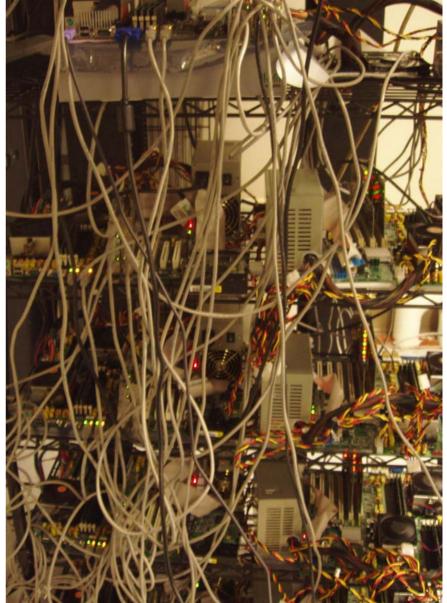
#### Limits; NIC (node) count, NIC Bandwidth, Bus Bandwidth

# Hypercubing around COTS GigE

### Bandwidth in Gbps

Test	Peak	Avg
pktgen	10.0	7.9
NPtcp	7.8	5.5
NPtcp 13	7.2	4.4
NPmpi	5.5	4.1
Netperf	6.5	

#### CPU usage 100% at peak



### Hypercubing around COTS GigE

NAS Suite							
t(s)	MF/ p						
151	59.03						
316	566.72						
92	5.82						
323	393.80						
21	3.90						
445	203.45						
30	314.85						
	t(s) 151 316 92 323 21 445						



If you require maximum bandwidth from each node, this is a good approach. But the CPU usage and latencies are such that this is not a useful solution for most parallel applications. If you scale your performance by upgrading CPUs and GPUs, this is a reasonable alternative to traditional switched networks.