



Integrating Air & Space,

Command, Control, & Intelligence,

Surveillance & Reconnaissance

Brig Gen Gary Connor Commander, C2/ISR Systems Wing 20 September 2005

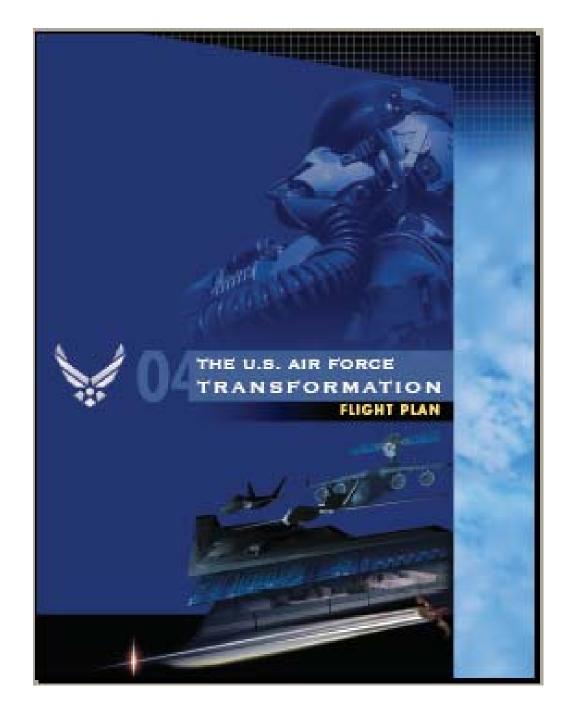
Ninth Annual High Performance Embedded Computing Workshop Lincoln Laboratory Massachusetts Institute of Technology



Overview

- Vision & Concept of Operations
- USAF Transformation Flight Plan \rightarrow S&T
- The High Performance Embedded Computing (HPEC) Challenge
- HPEC Initiatives
- Summary





Science & Technology Challenges

- Finding and Tracking
 - Control availability of latent sensory data/integrate with real time detection
 - Net large arrays of individual sensors
- Command and Control
 - Bio, nano, quantum computing
 - Intelligent dynamic software agents
 - High-level fusion tools and algorithms
 - Artificial intelligence, neural networks, fuzzy logic
- Controlled Effects
- Sanctuary
- Rapid Air and Space Responses
- Effective Air and Space Persistence



Issues with Current HPEC Development Inadequacy of Software Practices & Standards



System Development/Acquisition Stages			
	4 Years	4 Years	4 Years
Program Milestones System Tech. Development	♦	\diamond \diamond	\$
System Field Demonstration			
Engineering/ manufacturing Development Insertion to Military Asset			
Signal Processor A Evolution 1s	gen. 2nd gen. 3rd	∆ ∆ ⊿ I gen. 4th gen. 5tl	$\Delta \qquad \Delta$ n gen. 6th gen.

- High Performance Embedded Computing pervasive through DoD applications
 - Airborne Radar Insertion program
 •85% software rewrite for each hardware platform
 - Missile common processor
 •Processor board costs < \$100k
 •Software development costs > \$100M
 - Torpedo upgrade

•Two software re-writes required after changes in hardware design

- •Today Embedded Software Is:
- Not portable
- Not scalable
- Difficult to develop
- Expensive to maintain

Why Is DoD Concerned with **Embedded Software?** \$3.0 **Software** Source: "HPEC Market Study" March 2001 Hardware **Estimated DoD expenditures** for embedded signal and \$2.0 image processing hardware and software (\$B) \$1.0 \$0.0 etos eto eto, eto, eto, eto, eto, eto,

- COTS acquisition practices have shifted the burden from "point design" hardware to "point design" software
- Software costs for embedded systems could be reduced by one-third with improved programming models, methodologies, and standards



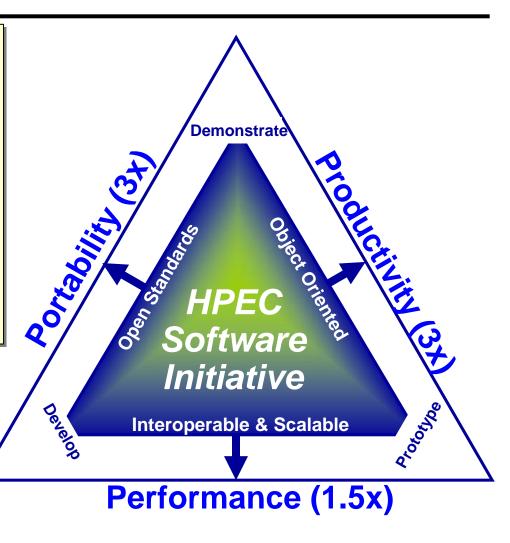
High Performance Embedded Computing - Software Initiative

Program Goals

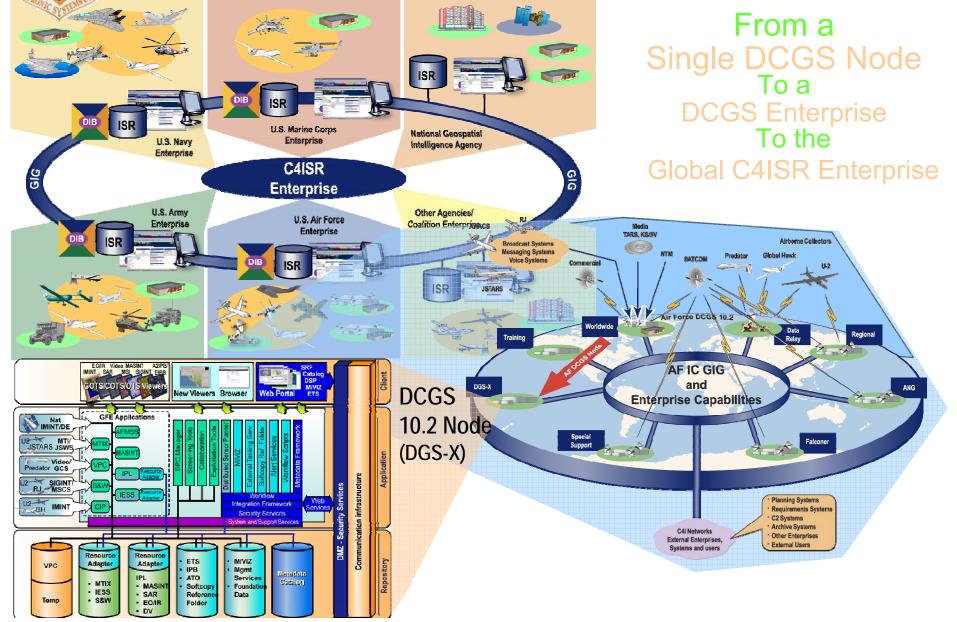
- Develop and integrate software technologies for embedded parallel systems to address portability, productivity, and performance
- Engage acquisition community to promote technology insertion
- Deliver quantifiable benefits

Portability:	reduction in lines-of-code to
	change port/scale to new
	system
Productivity:	reduction in overall lines-of-
	code
Performance:	computation and
	communication bonchmarks

communication benchmarks



AF DCGS Interoperability Supports Global C4ISR Enterprise Vision





Common Imagery Processor - Demonstration Overview -



Common Imagery Processor

- Demonstrate standards-based platformindependent CIP processing (ASARS-2)
- Assess performance of current COTS portability standards (MPI, VSIPL)
- Validate SW development productivity of emerging Data Reorganization Interface
- MITRE and Northrop Grumman



Embedded Multicomputers



Shared-Memory Servers



Single code base optimized for all high performance architectures provides future flexibility



Commodity Clusters Massively Parallel Processors



Swathbuckler: Wide-Swath High Resolution SAR Image Formation

Goal:

Demonstrate affordable, continuous (22100 km²/hr) real-time, wide-swath (37 km), high-resolution (15 cm range pixels) SAR image formation, storage, and exploitation.

Approach:

- Canadian test aircraft with SAR radar and algorithms, frontend hardware, test flights
- US (AFRL) HPC with parallel software, algorithm optimization, information management and dissemination
- UK FPGA programming
- AUS conops and EO image enhancement Military Impact:
- Affordable, High-resolution SAR area coverage
 - 3.5x Global Hawk coverage: 477K km²/day vs 138K km²/day
 - 18x Global Hawk pixels: 0.37x0.15 m² vs 1m²
- >10 TB data collected for ATR algorithm development

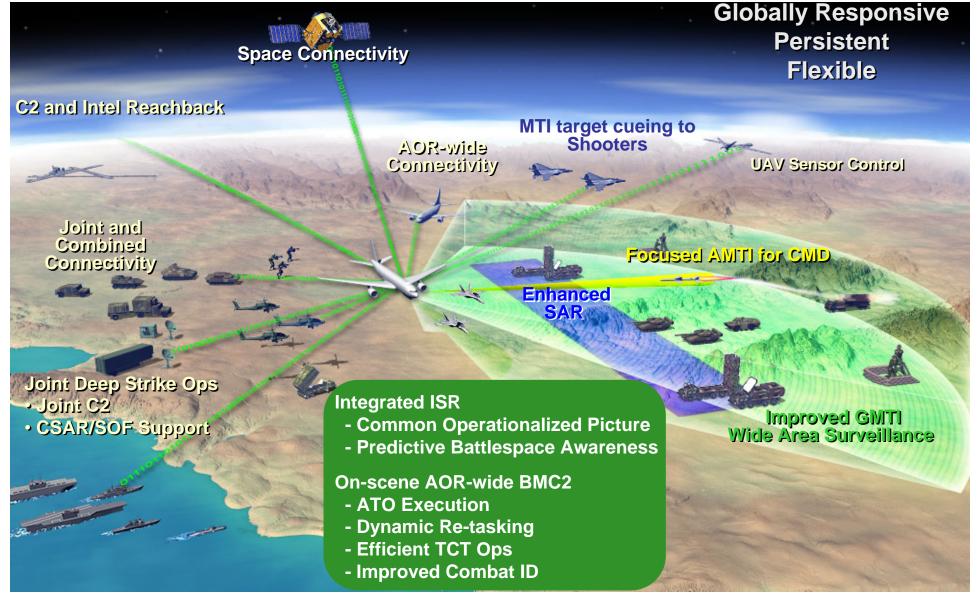


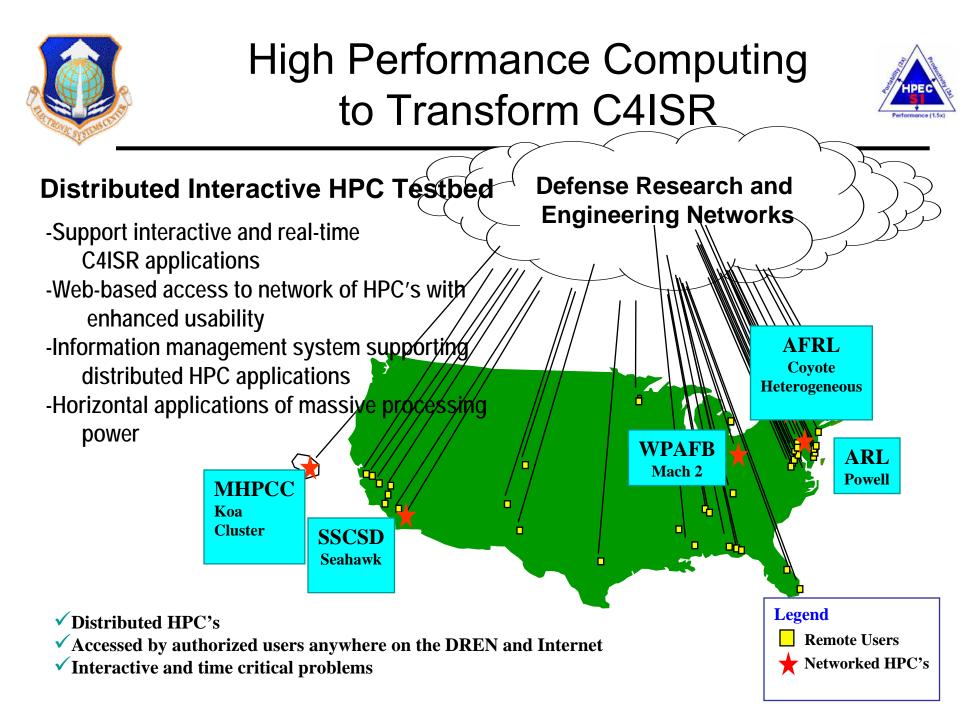


Embedded HPC Challenge Problem exceeding 200 GFLOPS



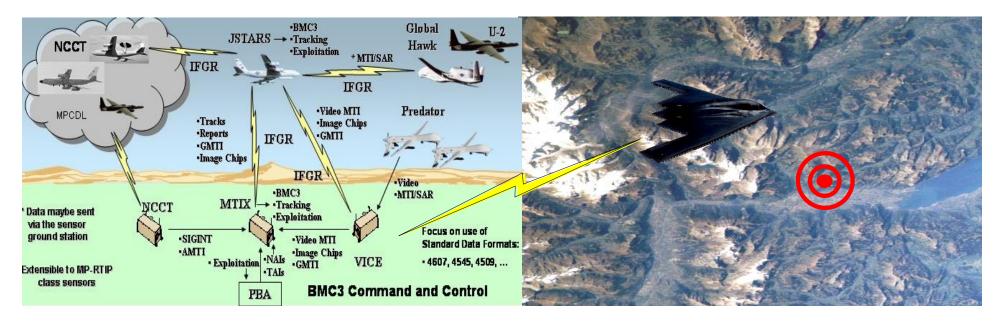
E-10A Key Capabilities





Network Centric Connectivity

- Machine to Machine
- Machine to Decision Makers
- Decision Makers to Weapon Systems
 - Provide flexible, rapidly configurable systems and operations
 - Create capability on demand
 - Facilitate distributed operations
 - Provide customized applications allowing for dynamic flexibility





C2ISR and CS Capability Integration Points of Contact

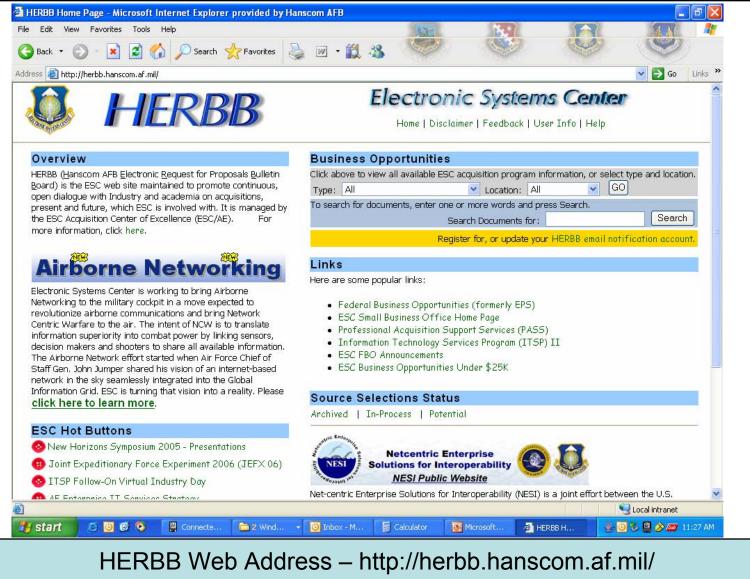
- Capabilities Integration Directors
 - C2/ISR Systems Ray Modeen, 781-266-9627
 - Battle Management Marie Francesca, 781-377-9007
 - Network Centric Col David Madden, 781-377-2389
 - Ops Support E. Steve Wright, 334-416-5860
- HERB Site Address \rightarrow



http://herbb.hanscom.af.mil/



HERBB Website





Where You Can Help

- Capabilities Focused Tech Investment
- Openness → Technologies & Business Strategies
- Tech Transition to the Field...